

Pre-Pour Slab Inspection Checklist

The full 17-category checklist Adam Gates runs on every pre-pour inspection. Print this. Take it to site the day before your pour.

Job address:

Date:

Builder:

Pour scheduled:

Slab size (m2):

Inspector:

How to use: Walk the site the day before the pour. Tick items as you verify them. Any unchecked item = raise with your builder or inspector before the trucks arrive. 3+ red flags = book an independent inspection.

1. Site Preparation & Reduced Level

- Site scraped to correct reduced level (RL) per engineer's drawings
- All topsoil + organic material removed to min. 150mm depth
- Subgrade proof-rolled - no soft spots
- Natural subgrade compacted to min. 70% density index (AS 3798)
- Cut + fill lines match structural drawings
- No standing water in trenches or on the pad
- Site graded 50mm fall away from building over first metre (AS 2870 App B2.3)
- **Red flag:** Standing water the day before pour = weakened concrete or hidden voids.

2. Fill Material & Compaction

- Fill material CBR min. 15%
- Compaction test reports on site (each layer)
- Sand fill compacted to min. 7 blows / 300mm DCP (AS 1289.F3.3)
- Controlled fill extends min. 1m past footing beam
- Fill battered back at max. 1:2 slope
- **Red flag:** No compaction test reports = differential settlement + cracked walls in 2-5 years.

3. Formwork

- Formwork outside dimensions match foundation plan (tape measured)
- External edge beam width min. 310mm
- Garage edge beam 440mm with 350x15mm rebate
- Formwork straight + true - no bowing (AS 3610)
- Slab depth spec correct (waffle raft typically 400mm overall, 100mm top)
- Step-downs at showers (70mm) + garages correct location
- Formwork braced + secured - no flex under load
- **Red flag:** Formwork that flexes when pushed will bulge or move during pour.

4. Waffle Pods

- Pod depth correct (typically 300mm main, 225mm at shower recesses)
- Pod layout matches plan at 1200mm rib spacing
- All pods seated firmly - no rocking
- No mortar or debris bridging between pods + formwork
- Re-entrant steel at all internal corners (typically 3-L11TM x 2000mm)
- **Red flag:** Missing re-entrant steel at internal corners = visible slab cracking within 2-3 years.

5. Reinforcement - Top Slab Fabric

- SL92 fabric throughout top slab (no substitution to SL72/SL62)
- Fabric laps min. 225mm at all edges
- Fabric on chairs - 25mm top cover maintained (AS 3600)
- Bottom fabric in position with 40mm external footing cover
- Fabric free of heavy rust, mud + contaminants (AS/NZS 4671)
- **Red flag:** Mesh sitting on pods or vapour barrier without chairs = zero cover = corrosion in years.

6. Reinforcement - Edge Beam Steel

- Bottom reo: 2 x 3-L11TM trench mesh OR 3-N16
- Top reo: 2-N16 continuous
- Trench mesh lapped min. 500mm at all splices
- L-bars at all beam intersections - 500mm laps
- 1-N16 corner lap bars at all external corners
- **Red flag:** Bars ending at a corner without proper lap = weak corner.

7. Reinforcement - Internal Rib Steel

- Each internal rib has 1-N16 bottom reinforcement
- Internal rib width min. 110mm
- Bar chairs max. 600mm (fabric) / 900mm (bars ≥ 16 mm) (AS 3600)
- **Red flag:** Any bar cut on site to clear a penetration = insist on additional reinforcement across the area.

8. Reinforcement - Chairs, Cover & Cleanliness

- Cover to external footings: 40mm min.
- Cover to internal ribs: 30mm min.
- Cover to top mesh: 25mm min.
- All bars free of rust, mud, contaminants (AS/NZS 4671)
- Tie wires cut back from formwork
- Concrete cover blocks used at edge beams (not timber/scraps)
- **Red flag:** Bar chairs too far apart = mesh sags to pods = permanent low cover.

9. Piers (If Applicable)

- 350mm bored piers at all locations on plan
- Founded min. 300mm into natural ground through any rolled fill
- Pier starter bars correct position + embedment depth
- N16 additional top steel - 1m each direction over fill piers
- **Red flag:** Piers shallower than spec = get engineer sign-off in writing before pour.

10. Ground Beams (ST1 / ST2 etc.)

- Location matches foundation plan
- Depth typically 600mm x 350mm wide (verify per drawing)
- 3-bar top + 6-bar bottom at ST1
- 3-L12TM top + bottom with R10 ligs @ 600 crs
- R10 starters @ 600 crs in ST1 beams
- **Red flag:** Ground beams built to edge-beam dimensions when engineer specified deeper - measure them.

11. Vapour Barrier

- 0.2mm polythene installed across full slab area (AS 2870)
- Joints lapped + taped - no gaps
- Vapour barrier turned up at edges
- Not punctured by reinforcement chairs
- Pipe penetrations sealed with closed-cell polyethylene lagging
- 50mm min. sand bed under membrane
- **Red flag:** *Tears, unsealed penetrations, or chair punctures = moisture wicks up forever.*

12. Drains

- All drainage pipes in correct position per slab plan
- Pipe penetrations sleeved through edge beams (closed-cell lagging)
- Kitchen island conduits in position (commonly missed)
- No penetrations, chases or embeds > 150mm dia. outside structural drawings
- Cast-in conduits spaced min. 2x larger conduit dia. from parallel reo
- **Red flag:** *Any drain 'we'll add that after' = jackhammer work post-pour. Insist it goes in now. (Note: in QLD this stage is 'drains', not 'rough-in' - rough-in is later, in the wall frame.)*

13. Termite Management (AS 3660.1:2014)

- Termite barrier installed + continuous under all slab perimeters
- 75mm min. inspection zone around slab perimeter (kept clear + visible)
- Barrier not damaged or punctured by services
- Chemical barrier: spray records + applicator certificate on site
- Physical barrier (Kordon/Termimesh): installer compliance cert on site
- Physical barrier at all pipe penetrations + slab edges - no gaps
- **Red flag:** *No visible barrier at pipe penetrations = termites in year 1 = \$15,000+ later.*

14. Concrete Mix (Check the Docket)

- MPa grade matches engineer's spec (typically N25 or N32 residential)
- Larger/engineered slabs may specify N40+ per engineer
- Slump 80mm +/- 10mm (verified on delivery)
- Max. aggregate size 20mm typical
- No calcium chloride
- No admixtures without written engineer approval
- **Red flag:** *Never accept lower MPa grade than engineer's spec. Slump < 60mm or > 100mm = reject the load.*

15. Pour Day Requirements

- Concrete mechanically vibrated (poker vibrator on site + in use)
- All beams vibrated - not just top slab (AS 2870 Cl. H2)
- Curing method ready - compound sprayed within 1hr, or wet burlap for 7 days
- Saw joints cut within 8hrs (4hrs if > 32C)
- No water added to surface during finishing
- Steel trowel finish only after bleed water evaporates
- **Red flag:** *No vibrator on site = honeycombing + weak zones you'll never see.*

16. Site Access, Setup & Weather

- Concrete truck access - driveway suitable for 25-tonne truck
- No overhead wire clashes
- Concrete pump booked (if required)
- Property boundary setback verified against title
- Downpipe + stormwater tie-ins installed (if required pre-pour)
- 24hr weather forecast checked - no heavy rain forecast
- **Red flag:** Rain forecast + builder wants to proceed = push for reschedule. Cost is minimal compared to defective slab.

17. Documentation On Site

- Foundation plan - current revision
- Structural engineering drawings - current revision, all sheets
- Architectural working drawings - current revision
- Termite treatment certificate OR barrier installer certificate
- Drainage signed off by licensed plumber
- Compaction test results for fill
- Surveyor / engineer pre-pour setout confirmation
- Truss manufacturer plan (for internal load-bearing wall positions)
- **Red flag:** Missing termite certificate = legal non-compliance. Non-negotiable.

30 Red Flags - If You See ANY, Call an Inspector

Any 3+ = book an independent inspection immediately. Any 10+ = stop the pour.

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|---|---|
| ■ 1. Standing water in trenches, on pods, or on the pad | ■ 16. Slump test over 100mm or under 60mm |
| ■ 2. Missing termite management certificate | ■ 17. No vibrator on site for the pour |
| ■ 3. Damaged termite barrier at pipe penetrations | ■ 18. Rain forecast > 5mm on pour day and builder wants to proceed |
| ■ 4. Rusty or damaged mesh with heavy scale or pitting | ■ 19. Missing drains or conduits at fit-out positions |
| ■ 5. Missing re-entrant steel at any internal corner | ■ 20. Missing kitchen island conduit |
| ■ 6. Mesh sitting directly on pods or vapour barrier with no chairs | ■ 21. Vapour barrier punctured by reinforcement chairs |
| ■ 7. Torn or unsealed vapour barrier | ■ 22. Bar chairs too far apart (mesh sagging) |
| ■ 8. Fill placed without compaction test results | ■ 23. Wrong cover blocks (timber or scrap instead of concrete) |
| ■ 9. Waffle pods rocking or unseated on the sand bed | ■ 24. Pier depth shallower than engineer's spec |
| ■ 10. Bars cut on site to clear penetrations (not just displaced) | ■ 25. Ground beams built to edge-beam dimensions when engineer specified deeper |
| ■ 11. Formwork that flexes when pushed | ■ 26. Missing surveyor setout confirmation |
| ■ 12. Formwork not braced against pour loads | ■ 27. Foundation plan not on site |
| ■ 13. Missing termite barrier at slab edges | ■ 28. No engineer sign-off on setout |
| ■ 14. Missing compaction test reports for fill | ■ 29. Concrete pump not booked when pour requires one |
| ■ 15. Concrete docket showing wrong MPa (under 32 for slab) | ■ 30. Truck access not confirmed (overhead wires, narrow driveway, etc.) |
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This checklist is general educational information based on Australian Standards and QBCC guidance. Your engineer's site-specific drawings are the primary reference for your build. This guide is not a substitute for a licensed inspection.